[FROM ORANGE COUNTY COURT RECORDS.]

THE HILLSBOROUGH RIOTS.

NORTH CAROLINA Hillsborough District

At a Superior Court of Justice begun and held for the district aforesaid at the Court house in Hillsborough on Saturday the 22nd day of September, 1770.

Present

The Honorable Richard Henderson, Associate Justice. Adam Whitsett & Henry Whitsett appeared in open court & took the oaths prescribed by Parliament for Naturalization. Court adjourned till Monday 10 o'clock.

Monday 24th

Court met pursuant to adjournment,

Present

The Hon'able Richard Henderson, Esq, Associate Justice. The Court appointed Henry Pendleton Esq, Attorney for the Crown.

Samuel Smith, who was last term fined nisi etc. for not appearing last term as a juror, was heard and excused.

Several persons stiling themselves Regulators assembled together in the Court Yard under the conduct of Harmon Husbands, James Hunter, Rednap Howell, William Butler, Samuel Devinney, & many others insulted some of the Gentlemen of the Bar, & in a violent manner went into the Court house, and forcibly carried out some of the attorneys, and in a cruel manner beat them. They then insisted that the Judge should proceed to the Tryal of their Leaders, who had been indicted at a former Court, and that the Jury should be taken out of their party.

Therefore the Judge finding it impossible to proceed with honor to himself and Justice to his Country, adjourned the Court till tomorrow morning 10 o'clock, and took the advantage of the night & made his escape, and the Court adjourned to Court in Course.

Law chiefly in their own hands - our late Elections help to prove this Diversion; we carried our Elections for Vestrymen twenty five to one — The consequence of not trying these men subject to Law is wooden shoes and uncombed hair — What sense or reason is there in saying any are prejudiced to our side for what is it we have done - we have labored honestly for our Bread and studied to defraud no man nor live on the spoils of other mens labors nor snatched the Bread out of other mens hands. Our only crime with which they can charge us is vertue in the very highest degree namely to risque our all to save our Country from Rapine and Slavery in our detecting of practices which the Law itself allows to be worse than open Robbery — It is not one in a hundred or a thousand of us who have broke one Law in this our struggle for only common Justice which it is even a shame for any Government or any set of Men in the Law once to have denyed us off — Whereas them as has acted the most legally are the most torn to pieces by the Law through malicious prosecutions parried against them.

To sum up the whole matter of our Petition in a few words it is namely these that we may obtain unprejudiced Jurys, That all extortionate Officers Lawyers and Clerks may be brought to fair Tryals - That the Collectors of publick money may be called to proper settlements of their accounts, namely the Sheriffs for the years 1764, 1765, 1766 & 1767 to which time the taxes was generally collected (a small part of the last year excepted) the refusing to settle for which or give us any satisfaction occasioned the past disturbances - If We cannot obtain this that we may have some security for our properties more than the bare humour of officers, we can see plainly that we shall not be able to live under such oppressions and to what extremities this must drive us you can as well judge of as we can ourselves, we having no other determination but to be redressed and that to be in a legal and lawful way — As we are serious and in good earnest and the Cause respects the whole Body of the people it would be loss of time to enter into arguments on particular points for though there is a few men who have the gift or art of reasoning yet every man has a feeling and knows when he has justice done him as well as the most learned.

Therefore that Justice which every man will be ashamed to own that ever he denyed us of when in his power to grant is the prayer of our Petition and your Petitioners as in duty bound shall ever

Signed by 174 Subscribers.

William Courtney John McMund 2 C F William Courtney John Williams Esq Sobert Mitchel William Brown John Brown Case General Issue Jury find the defendant C Assessed £5 damages cost Motion and Arrest Thea to be entered Jury find the defendant C Assessed £5 damages cost Motion and Arrest Thea to be entered John Lambert John Lambert Justification—Error	Damn'd Rogues		on of the same of	ray costs and be put in the stocks plaintiffs	A shame for name's sake	Jury find the defendant Guilty. We were certain of that but no—cost Motion and Arrest [torn]	—— Plea to be entered——— narrative to be filed conditions Another Plea — entered performed & issue	Plaintiff pays cost
John McMund John Childs John Childs John Williams Esq Robert Mitchel William Brown John Brown John Brown John Brown George McGoon Benjamin Drummond Slander Slander Sander Slander Sander John Lambert Sander Slander Slander Slander Slander Slander John Lambert Slander		Ref" &c Vide Mem Book	General Issue	e no lecturation s atmosphere define mend o	General Issue	Jury find the defendant C Assessed £5 damages cost Motion and Arrest	Plea to be entered- narrative to be filed cond performed & issue	Justification — Error
Fdu Senja	2 C F	Case	Case 6	Detinue			Case 12	
	John McMund 7.8. William Courtney		John Williams Esq. vs. Robert Mitchel	William Brown	John Brown	Edmund Fanning rs. James Bynum	George McGoon	Benjamin Drummond ^{v.s.} John Lambert

* With entries made by the Regulators.

TRIAL CAUSES TO HILLSBORGUGH SUPERIOR COURT — Continued.

The Elect pays cost	Fanning must pay	Fanning pays costs but loses nothing	Death by the law for	Hogan pays & be damned	Nonsense let them agree for Ferrell has gone Hellward	eral Not All Harris's are Rogues	Damned shame
uns Case General Issue The Elect pa	App. by Consent	Judgment by default	General Issue	General Issue	Not guilty & Justification	Plea in abatement filed general Demd Joinder plea over. Not guilty with leave	Non assumpsit
Case 15	Appeal 16	Trover A B.	Case 19	Case 21	Slander 22	T. A. B.	Case 24
Daniel Williams 7.8. John Williams	Peter Noag ''s. Edmund Fanning	Edmund Fanning rs. Abraham Smith	Ezekial Brasfield ''s. Phillip	Isaiah Hogan vs. Hermon Husbands	Ezekial Brumfield "s. James Ferrel	Michael Wilson ^{vs.} David Harris	John Edwards vs. Phillip Edwards
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- Continued.	Dunnigan pays	Do	Agreed for £2 7 stay execution to Inf Court anything for money Fees naid by Toknoton E		General Issue by mistake. General issue not but Plea of Scourged for Blasnhemy	Judgment by Default	Judgment by default the money must come to officers
THE STORY OF THE STATE OF THE COURT — Continued.	Ref" Rule set aside for Trial Dunnigan pays	T. A. B. Same rule	Not guilty with leave	T. V. A. Not guilty with leave. Damned roguery	General Issue by mistake. General issue not but Plea of abutement	Not Guilty with leave	Not guilty with leave
OF COURSE	Case 29	T. A. B.	T V A R 22	T. V. A.	Case &e 46	T. A. B.	J. A. B.
	Thomas Trannell ''s. William Dunnigan	Same r.s.	Thomas James "". Dennis McCaron	Thomas Cain ''s. John Pearson	Thomas Richardson ''s. Robinson York	Mary Humphries "". Phillip Jackson Jun'	Mary Humphries (28. Phillip Jackson Jun ^r
	$M^{\bullet}G$	M*G 17	W 36 F	No No	Mo 56 F	M 57 E	F 29 W

— Right enough	scontinued	Plaintiff pays cost	Plaintiff pays cost	Nash gets nothing	aintiff pays cost	aintiff pays cost
Ex in the hands of Francis Nash and he served a Garnishee. Garnishee sworn saith he has in his hands £54. 4s. 9d. Judgment by default	Ejectment The Defendants common Rule Discontinued 64 &c not Guilty	General issue with leave Ple	Non est factum.	Judgment by default Na	Payment—Replication &c issue Plaintiff pays cost	Non assumpsit and plene admin-Plaintiff pays cost istratrit. Replication and issue
83	Ejectment 64	Case 65	Debt 71	Case 74	Debt 80	Case 81
Hermon Husband vs. Joseph Mattocks	Nathaniel Walton vs. Jeremiah Horton	Charles Rust Eaton vs. Fernand Laws	Robert Reid & Co. "8. Nancy Husbands	Abner Nash vs. John Rooker	Abraham Moore vs. Richard Benjamin Bell	M Young Miller & Company 66 vs.
W 600 Ho	F 61 Me	ъ. 622 М	F 63 Hoo	W 64	N 65N	M 991

File it & be darned	The Man was sick. It is damned roguery	Executed by a damned Rogue & Bill not sufficient	Negroes not worth a damn Cost exceeds the whole	Plaintiff pays costs	Persons dead
Declaration plea to be filed	Judgment by default	Ent ^t Joseph Briant Bail	Ec ⁴ on 2 negroes		
Case 86	Case 91	Case 97	8/8/	App	App¹
Valentine Braswell vs. Duncan McNeal, Admr. of Hector McNeal	Sales Brown vs. William Lewis	John Kimbrough vs. William Alston	Solomon Turvil vs. James Turvil	William Roberts 1988 1989 1989	Thomas Person "* William Todd
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Letter from Judge Henderson to Governor Tryon.

Granville Sept 29th 1770.

SI

With the deepest concern for my Country I have lately been witness to a scene which not only threatened the peace and well being of this Province for the future, but was in itself the most horrid and audacious insult to Government, perpetrated with such circumstances of cruelty and madness as [I believe] scarcely has been equaled at any time. However flattering your Excellency's prospects may have been with respect to the people called Regulators, their late conduct too sufficiently evince that a wise, mild and benevolent administration comes very far short of bringing them to a sense of their duty. They are abandoned to every principle of virtue and desperately engaged not only in the most shocking barbarities but a total subversion of the Constitution.

On Monday last being the second day of Hillsborough Superior Court, early in the morning the Town was filled with a great number of these people shouting. hallooing & making a considerable tumult in the streets. At about 11 o'clock the Court was opened, and immediately the House filled as close as one man could stand by another, some with clubs others with whips and switches, few or none without some weapon. When the House had become so crowded that no more could well get in, one of them (whose name I think is called Fields) came forward and told me he had something to say before I proceeded to business. The accounts I had previously received together with the manner and appearance of these men and the abruptness of their address rendered my situation extremely uneasy. Upon my informing Fields that he might speak on he proceeded to let me know that he spoke for the whole Body of the People called Regulators. That they understood that I would not try their causes, and their determination was to have them tryed, for they had come down to see justice done and justice they wd have, and if I would proceed to try those causes it might prevent much mischief. They also charged the Court with injustice at the preceding term and objected to the Jurors appointed by the Inferior Court and said they would have them altered and others appointed in their room, with many other things too tedious to mention here. Thus I found myself under a necessity of attempting to soften and turn away the fury of this mad people, in the best manner in my

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power, and as much as could well be, pacifie their rage and at the same time preserve the little remaining dignity of the Court. The consequence of which was that after spending upwards of half an hour in this disagreeable situation the mob cried out "Retire, retire, and let the Court go on." Upon which most of the regulators went out and seemed to be in consultation in a party by themselves.

The little hopes of peace derived from this piece of behaviour were very transient, for in a few minutes Mr Williams an Attorney of that Court was coming in and had advanced near the door when they fell on him in a most furious manner with Clubs and sticks of enormous size and it was with great difficulty he saved his life by taking shelter in a neighbouring Store House. Mr Fanning was next the object of their fury, him they seized and took with a degree of violence not to be described from off the bench where he had retired for protection and assistance and with hideous shouts of barbarian cruelty dragged him by the heels out of doors, while others engaged in dealing out blows with such violence that I made no doubt his life would instantly become a sacrifice to their rage and madness. However M' Fanning by a manly exertion miraculously broke holt and fortunately jumped into a door that saved him from immediate dissolution. During the uproar several of them told me with oaths of great bitterness that my turn should be next. I will not deny that in this frightful affair my thoughts were much engaged on my own protection, but it was not long before James Hunter and some other of their Chieftains came and told me not to be uneasy for that no man should hurt me on proviso I would set and hold Court to the end of the term.

I took advantage of this proposal and made no scruple at promising what was not in my intention to perform for the Terms they would admit me to hold Court on were that no Lawyer, the King's Attorney excepted, should be admitted into Court, and that they would stay and see justice impartially done.

It would be impertinent to trouble your Exc^y with many circumstances that occurred in this barbarous riot, Messrs. Thomas Hart, Alexander Martin, Michael Holt, John Litterell (Clerk of the Crown) and many others were severely whipped. Col. Gray, Major Lloyd, Sons timorously made their escape or would have shared the same fate. In about four or five hours their rage seemed to subside a little and they permitted me to adjourn Court and conducted me with

great parade to my lodgings. Col^o Fanning whom they had made a prisoner of was in the evening permitted to return to his own House on his word of honour to surrender himself next day. At about ten o'clock that evening, I took an opportunity of making my escape by a back way, and left poor Col. Fanning and the little Borough in a wretched situation.

Thus far may it please your Excellency with respect to what came within my own knowledge, since my departure many different & authentick accounts say that the mob not contented with the cruel abuse they had already given Mr Fanning in which one of his eyes was almost beaten out, did the next day actually determine to put him immediately to death, but some of them a little more humane than the rest interfered & saved his life. They turned him out in the street and spared his life on no other condition than that of his taking the Road and continuing to run until he should get out of their sight. They soon after to consummate their wicked designs, broke and entered his Mansion House, destroyed every article of furniture and with axes & other instruments laid the Fabrick level with its foundation, broke and entered his Cellar and destroyed the contents, his Papers were carried into the streets by armfulls and destroyed, his wearing apparel shared the same fate; I much fear his Office will be their next object. Have not not yet heard where Col. Fanning has taken shelter, the last advice was that he was a mile or two from Town on horseback, but the person by whom this came says that the Insurgents have scouting Parties constantly traversing the several roads and woods about Town and should he unfortunately fall into their hands the consequences perhaps would be fatal. The merchants and Inhabitants were chiefly run out into the Country & expect their Stores and Houses without distinction will we pillaged and laid waste.

The number of Insurgents that appeared when the Riot first began was, I think, about one hundred and fifty, tho' they constantly increased for two days and kept a number with fire arms at about a mile distance from Town ready to fall on whenever they were called for. This amount is contradicted by some and believed by others; certain it is that a large number of men constantly lay near the Town, whether they had arms or not is not yet sufficiently determined.

As the burden of conducting Hillsborough Superior Court fell on my shoulders alone, the Task was extremely hard and critical. I made every effort in my power consistent with my Office and the Duty the Publick is entitled to claim to preserve peace and good order, but as all attempts of that kind were ineffectual, thought it more advisable to break up Court than sit and be made a mock Judge for the sport & entertainment of those abandoned wretches.

This Express has been delayed two days in expectation of obtaining from M' Fanning a more particular account of the damage done him as well as the rest of the Inhabitants of that desolate Borough, but as the persons whom I sent for that purpose are not yet returned, think it my duty to forward this with the utmost expedition. Should my conduct through the transactions merit your approbation it will greatly add to the felicity of Sir,

Your Excellers most obedient and obliged humble servant RICHARD HENDERSON.

To his Excellency Governor Tryon.

P. S. My Express has this instant arrived from Hillsborough with the following accounts, Colonel Fanning is alive and well as could be expected. The Insurgents left the Town on Wednesday night having done very little mischief after spoiling Mr Fanning's House except breaking the windows of most of the Houses in Town, among which Mr Edward's did not escape. The merchants and others are taking possession of their shattered Tenements. Mr Fanning's House is not quite down, a few timbers support the lower story, but they are cut off at the sills and a small breeze of wind will throw down the little that remains. Everything else that we heard respecting Mr Fanning is true with this addition that he lost upwards of two hundred pounds in cash.

Inclosed is a Petition [For petition see page 231 ante—EDITOR] presented me on Saturday by James Hunter, that being the first day of the Court, the Answer was deferred till Monday. Your Excellency will best judge if that Paper may not be of service at a future day. There are many subscribers who are all without dispute Regulators. I am as before

R. H.

Deposition of Ralph MeNair.

NORTH CAROLINA Newbern

This day came Ralph M°Nair before me Robert Palmer Esqre one of the Members of His Majesty's honourable Council for the Province aforesaid and made oath upon the Holy Evangelists of Almighty God, that on Monday the 24th day of September last in the Town of Hillsborough in the Province aforesaid he saw Hermon Husbands, James Hunter, William Butler, Ninian Bell Hamilton, Jeremiah Fields, Matthew Hamilton, Ely Branson, Peter Craven, John Frint, Abraham Teague, and Samuel Parks, amongst a number of men called regulators who were chiefly armed with wooden cudgels or cow skin whips wherewith they assaulted and beat John Williams Esqr. That some of the number attempted to strike Richard Henderson Esqre Associate Judge of the Province aforesaid, while he endeavoured from the Bench window to moderate their fury; that soon after they had run to surround the Court House he saw them return beating and pursuing Colonel Edmund Fanning till he took shelter in the Store of Messrs Johnston and Thackston which they instantly beset, demolishing the windows and threw dirt and stones or brickbats into the House in order to force him thence. That they also beat several other Gentlemen on the same day. That on the following night he heard a Party or Parties of the said People called Regulators patrolling the streets to the terror of the Inhabitants, That the Deponent's House was assaulted by Persons unknown, his windows broke, and he also heard the windows of several other Houses broke about the same time, and as he supposes by the same people; that Richard Henderson Esq. not thinking his person safe did as he believes depart the Town the same night, although the Court stood adjourned only till next day, and not till Court in Course, and that the Regulators exasperated thereat, did, as he was Informed on Tuesday the 25th day of September aforesaid, assault the House of Col. Fanning aforesaid, break and destroy a considerble part of his household furniture, drink & spill the liquors in his Cellar, and almost totally demolished his house, the ruins whereof he the Deponent saw the day following. RALPH MeNAIR

Sworn before me this 9th day of October 1770.

ROBERT PALMER.

Deposition of Robert Lytle of 20th October 1770. (4.)

North Carolina Crange County

This day personally appeared before me one of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the County aforesaid, Josiah Lyon, and made oath on the Holy Evangelists of Almighty God that on Tuesday the 25th of this instant in Hillsborough he the said Josiah Lyon heard a number of people who were assembled together, assuming to themselves the Title of Regulators, and committing the most unheard of Acts of violence and riot, drunk damnation to King George (thereby meaning as he apprehended the King of England) and success to the Pretender.

Sworn before me the 30th of September 1770.

ROBERT LYTLE.

Letter from James Watson Robert Lytle and others to Governor Tryon

HILLSBOROUGH Septr 30th 1770.

MAY IT PLEASE YOUR EXCELLENCY, SIR,

We doubt not that you have before this time heard of the distressed situation of our affairs here, the unheard of insolence offered by a Body of the Regulators, to His Maj's Superior Court sitting, and of the many outrages committed by them against the Persons, liberties and properties of many of our fellow subjects for the particulars of which we beg leave to refer you to the Bearer M' M'Nair.

These are a set of men may it please your Excellency whom we have long considered as dangerous to society and as pursuing every duct on this occasion has we think, to a demonstration proved, that Faction, to effect purposes of the most dangerous and dismal Tendency, and which we apprehend must (unless timously prevented by tion of the Province.

Government has, may it please your Excellency, we doubt not for very wise and prudent purposes been pleased hitherto to deal under a presumption that they would see through their infatuation,

reclaim and become good and useful members of Society, but as they have now laid aside their disguise and discovered themselves lost to every sense of humanity as well as obedience to Laws under which we are governed by committing the most open and daring Acts of violence, we do most humbly pray your Exc^y that you will take the matter under your consideration and adopt such measures as in your wisdom shall seem most proper. At the same time begging leave to assure your Excellency that we think ourselves hourly in the most imminent danger not only of losing our lives and fortunes but of every connection which we esteem valuable. Our worthy friend Colonel Fanning who has been a great sufferer on this occasion is not in Town, therefore does not join in this our Memorial

We shall with impatience wait your Excellency's orders and beg leave to assure you that We are

Your Excellency's most obedient most faithful' humble servants,

JAMES WATSON ROBERT LYTLE THO'S HART FRANCIS NASH WILLIAM JOHNSTON JAMES THACKSTON JAMES MONRO.

[B. P. R. O. AM. & W. IND. VOL. 217.]

Letter from Earl Hillsborough to Governor Tryon,

WHITEHALL 3d October 1770.

The state of the outstanding paper-currency inclosed in your Letter N° 56, and your remarks upon it are very satisfactory, and the only observation I have to make upon it is, that the sum appears to be large, and will I trust be fully sufficient to answer the purpose of circulation, until the prejudices of the People shall admit, and the circumstances of the Colony induce, a currency of better credit and greater stability.

I am &c*
HILLSBOROUGH.

[FROM TRYON'S LETTER BOOK.]

Letter from Governor Tryon to Lord Hillsborough.

NEWBERN the 7th October 1770.

I have the honor to receive your Lordships dispatches, containing the original and duplicate of N° 33, with his Majestys warrant for my leave of absence from this government: Also a copy of the memorial of the merchants trading to North Carolina and importers of naval stores, with a letter for Mr Chief Justice Howard; As that gentleman had my leave of absence to go to Boston last Summer, I shall not have an opportunity of delivering the letter myself to him, till he attends the Superior Court in this town the eighth of next month.

Mr Samuel Cornell has produced to me his Majestys mandamus for his seat in Council, and took the oaths for the qualification of public officers, and at the next sitting of the Council will take the oath of office and his seat at the Board. He entertains a perfect sense of the honor his Majesty has conferred on him,

On my arrival yesterday evening from an excursion I made for the recovery of my health, and to view the sea coast between Beaufort and Portsmouth, dispatches were delivered from Hillsborough, acquainting me of an insurrection of the regulators in that town on the 24th & 25th of last month during the setting of the Superior Court of the court, they committed such outrages in the town that Mr by making his excape in the middle of the night.

I shall not here enter minutely into their savage conduct, having ordered of Majestys Council to be summoned to meet me on the 16th gency of the case; when resolved upon his Majesty shall be particularly informed.

Your Lordship may depend I shall exert my warmest endeavours to obtain your wish that some better regulation may be established now threaten the general peace of this government.

[FROM MS. RECORDS IN OFFICE OF SECRETARY OF STATE.]

COUNCIL JOURNALS.

At a Council held at the Council Chamber at Newbern 16th Octo-

Present,

His Excellency the Governor

The Honorable { John Rutherford Lewis DeRosset Robert Palmer } Esquires

Samuel Cornell Esq^r appeared at this Board, and produced His Majestys *Mandamus* appointing him a Member of this province, bearing date at St James's the 10th day of May last, And also a Certificate from His Excellency the Governor, that the said Samuel Cornell Esq^r had taken the Oaths for the Qualification of Publick Officers—And at the same time the said Samuel Cornell took the Oath for the due execution of his Office, and took his seat at this Board accordingly.

His Excellency acquainted this Board that the reason of his calling the Council at this time, was in consequence of dispatches he had received on the 6th Instant from Richard Henderson Esq* one of His Majestys Associate Justices of this Province (inclosing a Memorial from the regulators to the Chief Justice, and his Associates) And also from the Inhabitants of the Town of Hillsborough setting forth the Insults and indignities offered to His Majestys Government, the Superior Court of Justice of that district, and the injuries done to the inhabitants of the said Town, with the Depositions of Ralph MeNair Esqr and Josiah Lyon relative to the same All which His Excellency laid before this Board, and desired their opinion and advice on the present exigency. Ordered that the several papers be read — It is the unanimous advice of this Board that the several papers now read, be referred to the Attorney General, for his opinion on the several matters and offences set forth therein, And that he be directed to give his Opinion at full on these subjects in writing, and point out to His Excellency and this Board the most Effectual steps to bring the offenders to condign punishment.

His Excellency informed this Board that in consequence of information made to him, that large sums of the Certificates in 1768 were counterfeited and circulating in this Province, had thereupon

consulted with four of the Gentlemen of His Majestys Council (by letter) relative thereto, and agreeable to their Opinion and advice, he had issued the following proclamation Viz

A PROCLAMATION.

Whereas I have received information that the Certificates made & signed in pursuance of an Act of Assembly passed in December, One Thousand Seven hundred & Sixty Eight, payable out of the public Treasury, have been counterfeited and forged and such Counterfeits are now circulating in this Province to a Considerable Sum, to the great Damage and Injury of the Inhabitants, To the end therefore that the persons concerned in forging or uttering the said fit, by and with the Advice & Consent of His Majesty's Council, to issue this my Proclamation, hereby Offering a reward of Two hundred pounds proclamation Money to such person (except the Offenviction thereof. And I do also Offer His Majesty's most Gracious of his Accomplices, so that they may be prosecuted according to due Course of Law.

Given under my hand & the Great Seal &c, at New Bern 27th August 1770.

By Command

Wm. TRYON.

John London, D. Sec'y.

His Excellency was pleased to lay before this board several letters of correspondence that passed between him, Mr Stewart the Superintendant of Indian Affairs, and one from Mr Cameron the Deputy Superintendant (with a letter from Mr Mitchell Merchant in Salisbury) and desired the opinion of this Board whether any measures can be taken to prevent Richard Paris from settling the Cherokee Lands on the Western Frontiers of this Province — It is the opinion province, they are at a loss to know what steps to recommend to ernment will take effectual care that no settlement shall be formed on the said Lands but under Grants from the Crown.

Then His Excellency desired the Opinion of this Board, as the suggestions in Mr Stewarts and Mr Camerons above Letters intimate a dissatisfaction of his conduct towards the Cherokees, whether in the behaviour to the said Indians he has at any time been wanting in attention and regard to their interest—It is the unanimous opinion of this Board, that the suggestions set forth are false and frivolous, and that the discontent of the said Indians appears to have been excited by the Traders settled amongst them.

His Excellency informed this Board, that in pursuance of a petition from the Freeholders in the Town of Hillsborough, he thought fit to Grant a Charter of Incorporation to the said Town, bearing date the 9th day of July last, with a power of returning a Burgess to the General Assembly — Ordered that the said Charter be read, and recorded in the Secretary's Office.

At a Council held at the Council Chamber at New Bern 18th October 1770.

Present

His Excellency the Governor

The Honble { John Rutherford Lewis DeRosset Alex. M°Culloch Samuel Cornell } Esquires

The proceedings of the preceeding day were read to Mr M°Culloch, he approved of the same.

Mr Attorney General having delivered in his Opinion at this Board agreeable to the Order of Council the 16th of this Instant in the following words, Viz^t.

In obedience to the Commands of your Excellency in Council requiring my opinion upon the several Offences set forth in Mr Henderson's letter, Mr Moore's and Mr Lyon's Affidavits together with the petition of the Insurgents, I have attentively perused them, and I am of opinion, to consider them in a distinct and separate view.

That the pulling down Mr Fanning's house and the assaulting of several persons in the Town of Hillsborough, amount only to a riot.

That the menaces thrown out against, and the insult offered to Mr Justice Henderson when in the execution of his Office, and the Insurgents preventing him from holding out the Term there will

be construed in Law only a misdemeanour, though of the highest nature.

That words (thoug's doubtful heretofore has been the Law, and various the determinations of the Courts at different periods of Time whether they amount to Treason or not) substantively taken are not I think at this day sufficient to convict a man of high treason; but if there is any Act of Violence, or declared intention of acting, consequent thereupon, then they clearly come within the purview of that offence; and therefore the words mentioned in Lyon's Affidavit, when a more minute inquiry can be made into the conduct of the Offenders, will probably turn out to be treason; but it appears to me that the tenor of that Affidavit is too inconclusive to issue warrants for that offence.

As to pointing out to your Excellency and Honours the most effectual steps to bring the offenders to condign punishment, I am apprehensive there is no process that can issue in the present situation of Affairs that would bring about that great end; as no obedience has been paid for some time past to any process whatever by the Insurgents; and who, if apprehended, must under the present Court Law be tried in the district where the offences was committed; a circumstance which, when the recent instances of their conduct are considered, leaves room to apprehend the inefficacy of every measure that may be derived from that source.

I therefore humbly conceive that it would be expedient for your Excellency to convene the Assembly as soon as possible, as it would discover to the Insurgents the activity of Government, contribute to check the progress of any future violence, and give the Representatives of the people the earliest opportunity of making such Laws, and providing for the vigorous execution of them, as may effectually bring the offenders to Justice — And in the mean time if your Excellency should think proper, it might not be inexpedient to direct the Colonels of the Militia in particular Counties to Muster their Regiments; in order to discover what number of Men would act as Volunteers, upon whose conduct when called out some dependence might be placed; and who would be ready to Act upon

These are the steps that appear to me most likely to bring the offenders to condign punishment, and as such are humbly submitted to your Excellency's and Honours Consideration.

The same was taken into mature consideration, and His Excellency was pleased to take the opinion of this Board relative to the calling of the Assembly immediately. This Board taking the same into consideration are of opinion that as Col. Fanning has advised His Excellency of the 13th Inst that it is his belief that every thing will remain quiet, till the meeting of the Assembly, and on account of the late severe and present sickness in the province, in order to have a full house, it would be most advisable not to call the Assembly sooner than the 30th of November, to which time at present it stands prorogued.

This Board also recommend to His Excellency that he give orders to the Commanding Officers of the several regiments of Militia in this Province, to call an immediate Muster of their said Regiments, And that His Excellency direct the said Commanders to report to him as soon as possible the number of volunteers, that are willing to turn out in the service of their Country, and also the number of effective men that can be ordered out in case of an emergency.

Ordered that a proclamation issue in the following words, Vizt.

NORTH CAROLINA—Ss.

By His Excellency William Tryon Esqr &c. &c.

A Proclamation.

Whereas I have received information that a great number of outrageous and disorderly persons did tumultuously assemble themselves together in the Town of Hillsborough, on the 24th & 25th of last month, during the sitting of the Superior Court of Justice of that district, to oppose the just measures of Government, and in open violence of the Laws of their Country, audaciously attacking his Majorate his Office, and his Majestys Associate Justice in the Execution of his Office, and barbarously beating and wounding several persons in and during the sitting of the sitting of said Court, and offering other enormous indignities and insultate in the sitting of said Court, and offering other enormous indignities and insults to his Majestys Government, committing the most violent outrages on the Outrages on the persons and properties of the inhabitants of the said Town, dripking I Town, drinking damnation to their lawful Sovereign King George, and success to the lawful Sovereign King George, and success to the pretender, To the end therefore that the persons concerned in the pretender, and the pretender that the persons the pretender that the persons concerned in the pretender that the persons concerned in the said outrageous Acts may be brought to Justice, I do by the advido by the advice and consent of His Majesty's Council issue this my Proclamation Proclamation, hereby requiring and strictly enjoining all his Majestys Justices of the Proclamation and strictly enjoining all his Majestys Justices of the Proclamation and strictly enjoining all his Majestys Justices of the Proclamation and strictly enjoining all his Majestys Justices of the Proclamation and Strictly enjoining all his Majestys Justices of the Proclamation and Strictly enjoining all his Majestys Justices of the Proclamation and Strictly enjoining all his Majestys Justices of the Proclamation and Strictly enjoining all his Majestys Justices of the Proclamation and Strictly enjoining all his Majestys Justices of the Proclamation and Strictly enjoining all his Majestys Justices of the Proclamation and Strictly enjoining all his Majestys Justices of the Proclamation and Strictly enjoining all his Majestys Justices of the Proclamation and Strictly enjoining all his Majestys Justices of the Proclamation and Strictly enjoining all his Majestys Justices of the Proclamation and Strictly enjoining all his Majestys Justices of the Proclamatic Engolution and Strictly enjoining all his Majestys and Strictly enjoyed and Strictly enjoining all his Majestys and Strictly enjoyed and Stri estys Justices of the Peace in this Government to make diligent

inquiry into the above recited Crimes, and to receive the deposition of such Person or Persons as shall appear before them to make information of and concerning the same; which depositions are to be transmitted to me in order to be laid before the General Assembly at New Bern on the 30th day of November next, to which time it stands prorogued for the immediate dispatch of Publick business.

Given under my hand and the Great Seal &c. at New Bern 18th October 1770. Wm. TRYON.

By his Excellencys Command John London, Secretary.

His Excellency the Governor having accepted of Doctor William Houston a tract of Land for 12,500 acres situate in Anson County for which the said Houston obtained a Grant dated 3d March 1745 and assigned the same to His Excellency by deed bearing date 29th of April 1768, Proved and recorded in the registers office for Anson County which said Tract of Land is one of those contained in Grants to Henry McCulloh Esqr, and was allowed of by His Majesty in Council, to be surrendered for want of being seated agreeable to the conditions of the said Grants and Whereas the said tract of 12,500 Acres of Land being found to be very poor and barren, His Excellency never having received any benefit therefrom, Therefore makes a Deed of Surrender to His Majesty of the same in Council, in expectation that His Majesty will be graciously pleased to remit to him the arrears of Quit Rents due on the said tract, at the time of the surrender — Which surrender was accepted of in Council and His Excellency released from all future Quit rents on account of the said Lands and both the Patent and Conveyance to be struck off the rent-roll, and recorded in the Secretarys Office.

P. M. Present as in the Morning

His Excellency informed the Board that as he had received Authentick Accounts of the death of Benjamin Heron Esq Secretary &c, of this province, He thought proper to appoint John London to Officiate in the Offices of Secretary and Clerk of the Crown, John Hawks Esq^r Clerk of the Pleas, William Palmer Esq^r to Officiate as Naval Officer and Charles Heron Esqr to officiate as Auditor— Which Commissions were produced at the Board, and the above mentioned Gentlemen, (except Mr Heron who was sick) appeared and took the Oaths appointed for the qualification of Publick Officers

subscribed the Test, and took the Oath for the due execution of their offices.

[FROM TRYON'S LETTER BOOK.]

Letter from Governor Tryon to Earl Hillsborough

NEWBERN 20th October 1770.

I have the honor to transmit to your Lordship the Minutes of the Council Journal, with copies of the several papers referred to therein, respecting the outrages and high crimes committed by the regulators during the last Superior Court at Hillsborough. Mr Attorney General's opinion and advice was taken in Council on this occasion and entered on the Journal. I have in pursuance of the advice of the Council sent circular letters to the commanding officers of the respective regiments of militia, and by their returns as required of the number of volunteers willing to turn out on the first call, in the service of their King and country, and also of what number of men can be ordered out upon an emergency. I shall be able to form a near guess of the strength of the government and the affections of each part. This information will likewise direct me in the choice of the number of men the approaching Assembly shall think expedient to be raised for suppressing these riots, collecting the taxes, and bringing the offenders to the justice of their country. It must be by the spirited aid of the Legislature only that I can expect success in my endeavours to extinguish this dangerous flame.

Inclosed, my Lord, is a copy of the Charter I granted to the inhabitants of Hillsborough on their petition for the same.

[From MS. Records in the Office of Secretary of State.]

NORTH CAROLINA Anson County Ss. — Anson Inferior Court, October Term 1770

Present—His Majesty's Justices, to wit John Collson, William Blewet, William Mask, Charles Medlock, Samuel Snead and James Pickett Esquires.

William Pickett Esq^r Sheriff of Anson County for the year of our Lord, One Thousand, Seven Hundred and Sixty Nine, came into Court and produced his Account, in order to settle the same for the said year 1769, which was admitted by the said Justices as follows, to wit,

W ^m . Pickett to said County	Dı		per Con	tra	a, Cr	
To 896 Taxables as per list of Taxables for the said year 1769,			By 184 Insolvents and Run-aways@1s.3d, £ By 177 Insurgents @	11	10	0
Balance due from the said County to William Pickett 2	0	8	1s. 3d. each By several Claims answered as per Tickets and Vouchers appears to the amount	11	1	3
			By Commissions @ 8 per Cent on the above Sum of £33 8 9 col-	33	8	9
The state of the s			lected	2	13	8
£58 J	13	8	£	58	13	8

The said William Pickett the Sheriff of Anson County aforesaid, having produced the above Account, made Oath that the same is just and true, as above stated, and that the above 184 Taxable Persons are either insolvent or moved out of this County, and that the above mentioned 177 Taxable Persons, are Insurgents, and such as do resist and hinder him the said Sheriff and his Deputies, with Force and Arms, from collecting the Taxes due from them; of which 177 Insurgents, and 184 Insolvents and Runaways, he has received no Part of the Taxes due from them for the year aforesaid, which is allowed by the above mentioned Justices of the said Inferior Court as a true and just Settlement of the said Sheriff, for the said Year, 1769.

CHA⁸ MEDLOCK SAM¹ SNEAD J⁸⁵ PICKETT JOHN COLLSON W^m BLEWET W^m MASK [From MS. Records in Office of Secretary of State.]

Letter from Samuel Johnston Esq to Alexander Elmsley.

EDENTON 7th Nov. 1770.

DEAR SIR.

I have just rec^d yours of the tenth of August inclosing Mr Turner's Deputation and an Invoice of sundries shipped to Norfolk in the Neptune Capt. White am^{tg} with charges to £143 18s. 20d. Ster^{tg} for which sum I shall take care to Credit your acc^t as also for the £25 Ster^{tg} p^d you. The Goods are not yet come to hand but make no doubt they are safe and have sent in for them. I am truly sensible of your friendship in the trouble you have taken to procure me the Deputation to the Naval Office, I like it because tho' it is not so lucrative as some of the other Offices Mr Heron held yet it will be attended with less trouble. I shall be careful that you are in Cash to pay the sums you stand bound for on that acc^t and request the favour of you to make the payments regularly as they become due out of any Monies of mine you may have in hand.

I have often thought of the scheme of Buying and selling Bills you mention and the only difficulty and what I could never get over was that no person would draw for proc. whom I could venture to trust. Granberry always refused to draw at any rate and there are very few others whom I should care to trust for a large sum so long as a twelve month. However as you and M' Barker proposed being concerned I will endeavour to do something in that way tho' I am afraid it will be too late for this season as I am to set out for New Bern in a day or two to the Court and shall not return till after the Assembly which meets the 30th and should not care to draw without a certainty of being able to dispose of the Proc.

You do not say anything of my old Aunt. I had lately a letter from her acquainting me of your having paid my fathers Debt and also £100 in part of her Legacy, I have since that sent her a larger sum. I would be glad to know the amount of what you paid her on acc^t of my father's Debt that I may Credit you and charge his Estate.

The Orange Moo has again been in Arms they broke up the Court beat the Lawyers and threatened Judge Henderson who was the only one present, Fanning's House was torn to pieces and his furniture destroyed after they had beat and insulted him most inhu-

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manly, every body flew from the Town the Merchants are afraid to send any goods to that part of the Country and some have actually deserted their stores. The Governor has ordered Gen¹ Musters of the Militia all through the Country and I suppose there will be another expedition to Hillsborough and a new emission of Currency of course. I should be glad to hear from Col⁵ Fenier, his mother writes me he is just about to be married, pray make my Compts. to him when you write next. Mro Johnston is much obliged to Mro Elmsley for her advice with regard to the Chaise, she and my sisters desire to be remembered by her.

[From MS. Records in Office of Secretary of State.]

COUNCIL JOURNALS.

At a Council held at the Council Chamber at Newbern 19th November 1770.

Present His Excellency the Governor

The Honble $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{Robert Palmer} \\ \text{Samuel Cornell} \end{array} \right\}$ Esquires

Martin Howard Esquire appeared and produced His Majestys Mandamus, bearing date at St James' the 9th day of May last appointing him a member of Council for this Province, pursuant to which the said Martin Howard took the Oaths for the Qualification of Publick Officers and repeating and subscribed the Test, He then took the Oath for the due execution of the above Office, and his seat at the Board accordingly.

His Excellency informed the Board that Richard Henderson Esquire had waited on him last night and acquainted His Excellency that he had received an Express from Granville County of his stables, corn crib, and late dwelling house being set on fire and destroyed by persons yet unknown and was now attending with his brother who came express, to give information of the same, Ordered that Mr Henderson and his brother be called in—

Thomas Henderson being first sworn gave information as follows, Viz^t That on the night of Monday the 12th Instant the barn and stables belonging to his brother Richard Henderson Esquire in Granville County were set fire to and consumed together with sev-

eral horses and a quantity of corn. And also that on the night of the Wednesday following being the 14th Instant a house which was lately the dwelling house of said Richard Henderson, was set on fire to and consumed.

And the said Richard Henderson and Thomas Henderson both further acquainted the Board that they had reason to suspect, that the said deeds were committed maliciously and clandestinely by some evil minded persons unknown. The Board taking the same into consideration are of opinion—That a proclamation be issued for the discovering and apprehending the persons guilty of or concerned in committing the said offences.

Ordered that a proclamation issue in the following words, Viz^t

NORTH CAROLINA - Ss.

By His Excellency William Tryon Esq., &c. &c.

A Proclamation.

Whereas, information having been received that some evil minded and ill disposed persons did in the night of Monday 12th Instant in the County of Granville, maliciously and clandestinely set fire to and consumed the barn and stables of Richard Henderson Esquire one of His Majestys Associate Justices of the said Province, together with several horses and a large quantity of corn therein, and also in the night of Wednesday the 14th Instant did maliciously and clandestinely set fire to and consume the late dwelling house of the said Richard Henderson in the County aforesaid, In order therefore to bring the offenders to Justice, I have thought fit, by and with the advice and consent of his Majestys Council to issue this my Proclamation, hereby requiring all Civil Officers within this Government to be aiding and assisting in discovering and apprehending the said offenders. And I hereby also promise the sum of one hundred pounds proclamation money to any one who shall apprehend the said offender or offenders—And also his Majestys most Gracious Pardon to any one of the said offenders who shall make a discovery of his accomplice or accomplices, so that he or they may be prosecuted to conviction.

Given under my hand and the Great Seal &c. at Newbern 19th November 1770.

W^m. TRYON.

By His Excellencys command

WILLIAM PALMER, D. Sec'y.

The above mentioned Richard Henderson Esquire and Thomas Henderson further informed this Board that it was generally believed in the County of Granville that a large body of those who call themselves Regulators would come down to Newbern at the ensuing Sessions of Assembly in order to intimidate and over-awe the assembly in their proceedings, Whereupon His Excellency asked the opinion of the Board whether any and what measures were necessary to be taken in this conjuncture.

It is the unanimous opinion and advice of this Board that His Excellency write to the Colonels of the Militia of those Counties through which the said Regulators may pass in their way to New Bern, to hold themselves and their respective Regiments in readiness and to march and obstruct any of the said People in case they should attempt to come down, And that His Excellency be requested to take such other defensive measures as he shall think proper to preserve order and Peace during the ensuing session of Assembly.

[FROM MS. RECORDS IN OFFICE OF SECRETARY OF STATE.]

Whereas we The Regulators About the Head or forks of Haw river have heard a Report that we have Clandestantly Taken some considerable quantity of money Belonging to Mr Edmund Fanning At the time when his house & goods were Destroy'd.

And as We have Also heard that A Certain Number have sworn to it, We Don't design to lye under Such shame & as we Allways count ourselves Amongst the Number of Loyal Subjects We Desire & Insist that E⁴ Fanning would Authourise some Lawfull officer to come & Bring the person or persons Accused to Justice, & further we will Not Molest but rather Assist in taking Such Felons, given under our hands this 20th Day of Nov 1770.

Capten JAMES PORTER $\left. \begin{array}{c} SAM^{1} \; BUCHANAN \\ THOMAS \; FLACK \end{array} \right\} Comm$

JOHN CORRY Moderator

[FROM MS. RECORDS IN OFFICE OF SECRETARY OF STATE.]

A PROCLAMATION.

Whereas a sufficient Number of Members of the General Assembly of this Province have not appeared to Constitute a House, I do therefore issue this my Proclamation, hereby Proroguing the said Assembly untill Monday the 3rd of Dec. next, then to meet at New Berne for the dispatch of Public business.

Given under my hand & the Great Seal &c. at New Bern 30th Nov. 1770. Wm TRYON.

By Command John London, D. Sec'y

[FROM MS. RECORDS IN OFFICE OF SECRETARY OF STATE.]

PORT BATH IN Nº CAROLINA.

Duties Received Between the 10th of October 1769 and the 5th of January Following being the Quarter Ending at Christmas.

WHEN RECEIVED.	MASTERS NAMES.	VESSELS NAMES.	N°. OF GN ^v .	£	s.	d.
- Juay Will	Thomas Daily arter Ending 5 th Ap	Ship Friends Assist.	250			
MIL Y 10.	John Layton	Sloop Mary	180		0	0
any 26th	Francis Wooton	Harrison Sloop	204		9	8
Feb'y 7th	Silvanus Snow	Schooner Dolphin_	515	-	11	8
reby 17th	Samuel Harding	Schooner Dolphin-	550	-	3	4
Feb'y 19th	Sam¹ Adams	Schooner Bushiba_	210	-		0
M'ch 9th	Paule White	Sloop Juno	150	1000	100000	0
M'ch 21st	Ebenezer Ellinwood	Schoor Elizabeth	230		16	8
M'ch 24th	John Barry	Schoo' Barbadoes_	720	12	0	0
	office attended	and the state of the state of		50	14	8
Commissio	ns @ 7 p Ct. deduct	ed			10	3
	The section of the se	tox and stated at	of I	46	14	5

RICHARD ELLIS T. P.

[FROM MS. RECORDS IN OFFICE OF SECRETARY OF STATE.]

COUNCIL JOURNALS.

At a Council held at the Council Chamber at New Bern 4th December 1770.

Present

His Excellency the Governor

The Honble John Rutherford Robert Palmer Samuel Cornell

Esquires

His Excellency laid before this Board a letter he received this morning from John Simpson Esquire, Colonel of the Pitt Regiment of Militia in the following words, Viz^t,

PITT Decr 3d 1770.

SIR,

Yesterday Mr Robert Salter came here from Tarborough, and informed me of a number of Regulators coming down from Bute, Johnston &c, to New Bern, in order to prevent Col. Fanning's taking a seat in the House of the Assembly, &c, &c. I have on this information issued orders for the several Companys in the Pitt Regiment to meet me at the Court House in Pitt on Wednesday next in Province there assembled. I have sent William Moore Esq' express to acquaint you, of my proceedings and to receive your further I am.

Your Excellency's humble serv^t
JN° SIMPSON, Col°.

His Excellency William Tryon, Esqr.

And desired the opinion and advice of the Council on the same. This Board taking the same into consideration recommended to His Excellency to give Orders to the Commanding Officers of the Craven Regiment of Malitia now under Arms in this Town at a General Muster; that part of the said Regiment remain in Town, for the protection of the Legislative Body and the peace of this Government till further orders.

[FROM MS. RECORDS IN THE OFFICE OF SECRETARY OF STATE.]

North Carolina Craven County

The Deposition of Bexley John Lambden of Anson County in the Province aforesaid, Planter, about Thirty Nine Years of Age, who being sworn upon the Holy Evangelists, deposeth & saith, that in the Morning of the Thirtieth Day of November last, as this Deponent was riding the Road from Blunt's Ferry on Great Peedee to Cole's Bridge on Drowning Creek, he discovered in the Road aforesaid, near an old deserted Cabbin on the said Road, said to be formerly inhabited by John Bounds, between the said Cabbin and a Branch of Hitchcock's Creek, commonly called the Chalk Fork, a great Number of the Tracks of Men's Feet; in so much that from the Ford & Bridge of the said Chalk Fork, the Road appeared to be much trod & trampled with Men's Feet for many Yards, and near to the said Cabbin; and that this Deponent likewise saw from thence the Track of a large Man's Foot along the said Road to one Isaac Brigman's House, about Seven Miles from the said Cabbin; and that on calling at the said Brigman's, no Body came to the Door to this Deponent but a Woman, but that this Deponent saw the said Brigman toward the further side of the Room, and asked if Mr Jarman was gone by? and that the said Brigman answered, that he went by about Midnight, and rode a large Bay Horse, and that he the said M' Jarman thought they were all abed and asleep at his the said Brigman's House, but that he the said Mr Jarman was mistaken; and this Deponent further saith, that the said Brigman did not come to the Door during the Time of this Deponent's stay at the said House, but that in the Time of the Discourse this Deponent had with the said Brigman, he saw another Man in the Room with Brigman, which other Man only discovered himself partly, shily peeping at this Deponent, and that at the same Time there appeared to be some others in the said Room which this Deponent could not distinetly discover; that this Deponent has long understood the said Brigman's House to be a House of very evil Repute, where Horse Thieves and other Malefactors are frequently harbored and entertained, and where it is dangerous for any well disposed Person to stay at Night, — That this Deponent understands and has been informed, that no Person inhabits or lives on the said Chalk Fork,